µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 Release Notes

Introduction

This document contains the release notes for µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0. It describes the release in detail and provides latest information that supplements the main documentation.

This release includes support for the processors listed in the next section, below. Users of previous releases should check the “Version Compatibility” section, below, for pertinent instructions on modifying existing applications for this new release.

Support and Assistance

There are several options for contacting support:

- Submit your questions online at http://www.analog.com/support
- E-mail your Processor and DSP software and development tools questions from within CrossCore Embedded Studio.
  
  Go to "Help->E-mail Support…". This will create a new e-mail addressed to processor.tools.support@analog.com, and will automatically attach your CrossCore Embedded Studio version information (ProductInfo.html).

- E-mail your Processors and DSP applications and processor questions to:
  - processor.support@analog.com OR processor.china@analog.com (Greater China support)
- Post your questions in the Processors and DSP online technical support community in Engineer Zone at http://ez.analog.com/community/dsp

Update Highlights

The focus of µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 is to support the release of ADSP-BF70x processor family.

The version of the Micrium’s kernel included with µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CCES version 1.1.0 has been upgraded to v 2.92.11.

Micrium’s documentation has migrated to their website at address http://doc.micrium.com instead of being included with µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio. Any documentation specific to Analog Devices processors can still be found within this product.

ADSP-BF70x processor support

The µC/OS-II support has been extended to support the following processors:
Dedicated ISR stack support in Blackfin processors

µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 includes the check box “Enable dedicated ISR stack” in the µC/OS-II Application General Options which allows you to select whether interrupt service routines (ISR) should use a separate stack instead of the running task stack. Enabling this setting uses a stack of size "ISR stack size". Although the ISR stack size setting was available in previous versions of the product, this was ignored by the kernel. This is still the case in SHARC applications which do not currently support dedicated ISR stacks.

Setting dedicated ISR stacks might reduce the footprint of an application since task stacks no longer need to be large enough to accommodate the stack usage of all nested ISRs.

Improvements on out-of-the-box performance due to user interface fix

Due to a user interface issue, un-checking the the µC/CPU check box Enable ‘interrupts disabled’ time measurement did not result on the appropriate macro being correctly generated. This issue has been fixed in µC/CPU version 1.1.0. This produces a significant performance improvement in many API calls so it should be noticeable in a great number of applications. The performance improvement that can be seen in the figures provided with this product is mainly due to this change.

Micrium software versions

µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 is based on Micrium's µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel version 2.92.11

There are several CrossCore Embedded Studio products based on Micrium's software which share common add-ins. To ensure that the same version of these add-ins is used by all the products that require them, the common add-ins are installed in a location which is distinct from the µC/OS-II install folder. The common add-ins are

- µC/CPU which is installed in %COMMONPROGRAMFILES%\Analog Devices\uC-CPU v1.1.0. This installation includes µC/CPU version 1.30.01.
- µC/LIB which is installed in %COMMONPROGRAMFILES%\Analog Devices\uC-LIB v1.1.0. This installation includes µC/LIB version 1.38.00.

Version Compatibility

µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 requires CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 or later.

Software requirements

In order to be able to add µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 to a project you need to use CrossCore Embedded Studio version 1.1.0 or later.
µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio

Software Anomalies

This section enumerates the most significant anomalies which relate to µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio. For a comprehensive list of all the public software anomalies visit http://www.analog.com/SoftwareAnomalies

Known issues with µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio 1.1.0

Upgrading µCOS-II add-in to 1.1.0 results in warnings

CCES produces some unexpected warnings when upgrading the µCOS-II component to 1.1.0. The following warnings can be ignored safely and the resulting project should build without issues.
Property "uccpu-ucos2-compatibility" required by Add-in "..." doesn't exist
Property "uclib-ucos2-compatibility" required by Add-in "..." doesn't exist

The root cause for this issue is a CrossCore Embedded Studio problem which has been recorded as CCES-7883
**µCOS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio version 1.0.0 Release Notes**

**What is µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio**

µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio is the result of a partnership between Analog Devices and Micrium to provide a user-friendly programming environment for µC/OS-II applications running on Analog Devices' Blackfin and SHARC processors. µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio provides an integrated environment with CrossCore Embedded Studio which offers the advantage of an industry-standard IDE combined with Analog Devices' advanced optimizing compiler technology.

µC/OS-II is Micrium's long standing RTOS, designed to save time on embedded system projects.

µC/OS-II applications determine at build time the number and type of resources that they require, ensuring that there is no waste of memory due to resources that the application does not require.

µC/OS-II requires that every task and mutual exclusion semaphore (mutex) are allocated to different priority levels. Applications can be configured to allow for tasks to change their priorities at runtime.

µC/OS-II has a number of internal data structures and variables that it needs to access atomically. It protects these atomic regions by disabling interrupts for a small number of cycles. Interrupt response with µC/OS-II is deterministic.

µC/OS-II APIs return a comprehensive set of error codes which eases application development by being able to detect a varied set of user errors.

µC/OS-II’s footprint can be scaled to only contain the features required for a specific application. The execution time for most services provided by µC/OS-II is both constant and deterministic; execution times do not depend on the number of tasks running in the application.

µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio version 1.0.0 is released with Micrium’s µC/OS-II version 2.92.08.
Getting Started with µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio

Installation

CrossCore® Embedded Studio must be installed prior to installing µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio.

Please make sure to close CrossCore Embedded Studio before proceeding with the installation. If CrossCore Embedded Studio is left open during the installation, it will have to be restarted after installing µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel.

µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio installs the following:

- µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel. Its default installation directory is C:\Analog Devices\uCOS-II-Rel1.0.0. This release is based on Micrium's µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel version 2.92.08
- µC/LIB. This software is always installed into Common Program Files directory. This location is determined by the %CommonProgramFiles(x86)% environment variable in 64-bit operating systems or by %CommonProgramFiles% in 32-bit operating systems. This release includes µC/LIB 1.0.2 which is based on Micrium's µC/LIB version 1.37.00
- µC/CPU. This software is always installed into Common Program Files directory. This location is determined by the %CommonProgramFiles(x86)% environment variable in 64-bit operating systems or by %CommonProgramFiles% in 32-bit operating systems. This release includes µC/CPU 1.0.2 which is based on Micrium's µC/CPU version 1.29.01.

The documentation for all of these add-ins can be found in CrossCore® Embedded Studio Help under µC/OS-II™ 1.0.0

Analog Devices strongly recommends installing µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel outside of the Program Files directory to prevent possible permission issues related to UAC (User Access Control). If you have already installed the product under Program Files then it is recommend that you uninstall it and re-install it in a different location.

Note: Multiple versions of the µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel can be installed on the same system. Only a single instance of a specific version of the product can be installed on a system.

Installation Logging
The installer does not create a log file by default. If you encounter installation issues, you can generate an installation log file by running the installer from the command prompt.

Change to the directory containing downloaded installer executable and run the following from the command prompt:

```
ADI_uCOS-II-Rel1.0.0.exe /v"/l*v c:\temp\installer.log"
```

**License**

The installation process checks for a valid license for µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel. If a valid license is not detected, the installer will start the Manage Licenses utility for entering and activating a license. The installer will fail in a non-interactive mode when valid license is not present.

Refer to the Licensing Guide in your CCES installation which can also be found in [http://www.analog.com/CrossCoreLicensingGuide](http://www.analog.com/CrossCoreLicensingGuide).

**Support and Assistance**

There are several options for contacting support:

- Submit your questions online at:
  [http://www.analog.com/support](http://www.analog.com/support)

- E-mail your Processor and DSP software and development tools questions from within CrossCore Embedded Studio.
  Go to “Help->E-mail Support…”. This will create a new e-mail addressed to processor.tools.support@analog.com, and will automatically attach your CrossCore Embedded Studio version information (ProductInfo.html).

- E-mail your Processors and DSP applications and processor questions to:
  o processor.support@analog.com OR
  o processor.china@analog.com (Greater China support)

- Post your questions in the Processors and DSP online technical support community in Engineer Zone at
  [http://ez.analog.com/community/dsp](http://ez.analog.com/community/dsp)

**Supported processors**

µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio (CCES) includes support for existing Blackfin and SHARC processors supported by CCES version 1.0.2.
These supported processors are:

**Blackfin**

- ADSP-BF504, ADSP-BF504F, ADSP-BF506F
- ADSP-BF512, ADSP-BF514, ADSP-BF516, ADSP-BF518
- ADSP-BF522, ADSP-BF524, ADSP-BF526, ADSP-BF523, ADSP-BF525, ADSP-BF527
- ADSP-BF531, ADSP-BF532, ADSP-BF533, ADSP-BF534, ADSP-BF536, ADSP-BF537, ADSP-BF538, ADSP-BF539
- ADSP-BF544, ADSP-BF544M
- ADSP-BF561
- ADSP-BF592-A
- ADSP-BF606, ADSP-BF607, ADSP-BF608, ADSP-BF609

**SHARC**

- ADSP-21160, ADSP-21161
- ADSP-21261, ADSP-21262, ADSP-21266
- ADSP-21362, ADSP-21363, ADSP-21364, ADSP-21365, ADSP-21366, ADSP-21367, ADSP-21368, ADSP-21369
- ADSP-21371, ADSP-21375
- ADSP-21467, ADSP-21469
- ADSP-21477, ADSP-21478, ADSP-21479
- ADSP-21483, ADSP-21486, ADSP-21487, ADSP-21488, ADSP-21489

**Software requirements**

μC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio requires CrossCore Embedded Studio version 1.0.2 or later to be installed to build projects.

**Getting started with a project that uses the RTOS**

**Adding the RTOS to a project**

**Creating a project which includes the RTOS**

In order to create a project you should follow the instructions provided in the CrossCore Embedded Studio help. As part of the project creation, the page Add-in selection contains a list of all the available add-ins for the project that you are creating based on the installed products and the project's chosen processor and type. You can see the μC/OS-II add-in in the Middleware section under the RTOS category.

The μC/OS-II add-in generates the OSInit() call for initializing the RTOS, and this code should be called prior to initializing other services/devices. To ensure timely
initialization, the IDE adds any required code to a global C function named adi_initComponents(). If you choose to add a default C source to your project then the resulting project contains a call to adi_initComponents(). If the template C code is not selected at project creation then it is the application developer's responsibility to add initialization code for the components required including the RTOS.

There are no calls added to create start-up tasks or to OSStart() to start the OS. These API calls remain the application's responsibility.

**Adding the RTOS to an existing project**

Every CrossCore Embedded Studio project contains a System Configuration file called system.svc which is located in the root of the project. The file is the IDE's interface for managing the various pre-written software components used in the "system" implemented by a project. Double-clicking any system.svc file in a navigation view opens that file in the System Configuration Utility which allows you to see the add-ins that you currently have in your project. Clicking on Add and selecting µC/OS-II add-in from the Middleware section under the RTOS category adds µCOS-II to your project.

The µC/OS-II add-in generates code for initializing the RTOS, and this code should be called prior to initializing other services/devices. To ensure timely initialization, when system components are configured the IDE adds any required code to a global C function named adi_initComponents(). You should call this function early in the main() routine.

**Notes:**

- If the IDE detects that adi_initComponents() is not yet present in main(), it prompts you to add it and offers to insert it for you.
- There are no calls added to create start-up tasks or to OSStart() to start the OS. These API calls remain the application responsibility.
- Adding the RTOS to a project means that thread-safe versions of libraries are used, including the Runtime library and the System Services/Device Drivers library. It is the application's responsibility to ensure that any functions that should only be called from task level are not called from main but from a task function.

**Actions performed by CrossCore Embedded Studio when adding µC/OS-II to a project**

When a µC/OS-II add-in is added to a CrossCore Embedded Studio project, the CCES add-in framework executes the following actions

- Adds links to the kernel files in the installation folder
- Adds generated files based on the configuration window settings
- Sets up the required toolchain options.
• Copies os_app_hooks.c to your project. This file is a copy of a Micrium template which contains hook functions which are used depending on configuration options. This file can be edited by the application developer and will not be removed from the project when the file system is removed or overwritten if it is already present in the destination folder.

• Copies app_uos2_cfg.h to your project. This file is empty by default but can contain application-specific macros and definitions. This file can be edited by the application developer and will not be removed from the project when the file system is removed or overwritten if it is already present in the destination folder.

Configuration

µC/OS-II application developers traditionally configure applications by creating header files which contain a long list of macro definitions. In order to have a more intuitive configuration mechanism, µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio contains a configuration tab which can be accessed by double-clicking the system.svc file and selecting the µC/OS-II tab. Selecting all the desired fields in the configuration tab generates the appropriate files which are part of the project.

Note that the defaults may not necessarily be appropriate for your application and you should set them to suit your needs. The configuration window tool tips should give you an indication of how you should set your values or look in the documentation for more details.

µC/OS-II project structure

When adding µC/OS-II to a CrossCore Embedded Studio project all the µC/OS-II specific files get placed in the system folder. Please do not change this organization. In the system folder the following structure gets created:

• A uCOS-II folder. This folder contains any sources and header files which are part of the µC/OS-II RTOS. It contains the folders:
  o Source, TLS and Ports. These folders contain the actual RTOS code which should not be modified.
  o AppSources and Cfg. These folders contain a copy of the templates of headers and sources that are provided by Micrium and that applications can customize to suit their needs.
  o GeneratedSources. This folder contains headers and sources generated by the product based on the GUI configurations. These files should not be modified.

• A uC-CPU folder. This folder contains any sources and header files which are required by Micrium µC/CPU software. µC/CPU provides a processor-independent interface to the supported processors and toolchains that is used in all Micrium products.

• A uC-LIB folder. This folder contains any sources and header files which are required by Micrium µC/LIB software. µC/LIB provides a clean and organized
implementation of some of the most common standard library functions, macros and constants. µC/LIB is required by many Micrium products including µC/OS-II.

- A uC-Common folder. This folder contains sources and headers which are common to several Micrium products but that are not part of any Micrium product themselves. These include app_cfg.h which is needed by all Micrium applications.

Interrupts

CrossCore Embedded Studio for Analog Devices processors provides a coherent interrupt management mechanism which allows for the same interface to be used in RTOS and non-RTOS applications. This means that interrupt service routines in µC/OS-II applications must be written in C and use the adi_int interface, regardless of whether they use µC/OS-II APIs. Any thread-safety requirements or interactions with tasks are handled by the adi_int interface. For more information on the adi_int API, in CrossCore Embedded Studio go to Help > Search and enter adi_int.

Examples of the usage of this interrupt management mechanism are the System Services and Device Drivers provided with Crosscore Embedded Studio. By using the adi_int interface, the same services and drivers can be used in all applications regardless of whether an operating system is used.

BSP module

In some of the examples described in the µC/OS-II manual provided by Micrium for all platforms, there is a mention to some BSP-specific functions. µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio does not provide any BSP-specific functionality and the RTOS is ready to be used from main without any BSP calls. In order to access hardware-specific functionality the System Services and Device Drivers functionality provided with CrossCore Embedded Studio should be used.

Examples and sketches

Code sketches

CrossCore Embedded Studio provides a mechanism by which small code fragments, called code sketches, can be generated with parametrized input provided by the user. The resulting code can then be copied and pasted to a project. µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio provides a few sketches which demonstrate the API calls that are required for

- Creating a task
- Creating a signal (semaphores, mutexes, etc)
- Pending on signals
- Posting signals

The CCES code sketch mechanism is designed for small code fragments. For this reason some of the µC/OS-II code sketches hard-code certain elements like task
name or signals to pend in OSPendMulti. The intention of these sketches is to quickly show the intended code sequence and they should be modified to suit the application's needs.

Examples

In addition to the code sketches, µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio provides a few simple examples which show how to use the RTOS. Each example is shipped for three platforms: ADSP-BF609, ADSP-BF533 and ADSP-21469 and can be used in both Release and Debug configurations. The examples can be run on an EZ-KIT for all platforms or on a simulator for the platforms that have both (ADSP-BF533 and ADSP-21469).

Notes

- The examples use features that can be disabled in the configuration windows. Disabling any of the used features may result in expected link errors.
- Double-clicking on an example from the example browser or the system overview page makes a copy of the example in your workspace. Any modifications to the example itself happen to your local copy but, changing any of the kernel sources changes the sources in the installation folder which affects all µC/OS-II applications. For this reason it is not recommended that you change any sources which are under the system/uCOS-II/Source, system/uCOS-II/Ports and system/uCOS-II/TLS folders.

Location

In order to locate µC/OS-II examples and sketches, you can use the following:

- Open CrossCore Embedded Studio's Example Browser which can be found in CrossCore Embedded Studio under Help. Select in the Product section "Micrium uCOS-II v 2.92.08 [1.0.0]" for a full list of examples and sketches.
- Open CrossCore Embedded Studio's System Overview page which can be found by double-clicking on the system.svc file. Select the µC/OS-II add-in for a list of the available examples and sketches.

Documentation

µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio contains the processor-agnostic section of the µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel manual as provided by Micrium as well as the manuals for Micrium's µC/CPU and µC/LIB. To find these manuals go to CrossCore Embedded Studio Help > Help Contents where you can see a whole section on the Micrium products released with this add-in.

Integration with CrossCore® Embedded Studio
**System view**

CrossCore Embedded Studio provides the System view which is used by µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio. Use the System Configuration Overview tab to add the µC/OS-II system add-in to a CrossCore Embedded Studio project.

To access the System Configuration Overview tab, do one of the following:

- In a navigation view, double-click the `system.svc` file of a project. The System Configuration utility appears with the overview tab selected.
- If the utility is already open, select the Overview tab.

As well as being able to add, remove and upgrade add-ins from this window, it also provides a list of examples and sketches associated with the selected add-in.

For more information about the System Configuration utility, see the CrossCore Embedded Studio help.

**Configuration tabs**

When the µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio gets added to a project, several configuration tabs get added to the System view. These include tabs for Micrium components which are required by several products like µC-LIB and a configuration tab for µC/OS-II. These configuration tabs provide an easy mechanism to generate any macro definitions required by the Micrium products.

If the µC/OS-II add-in is used by a CrossCore Embedded Studio project, its configuration tab includes the following pages:

- General
- Signals Options
- Signals- Messages Options
- Task Options
- Application - Timer and Tick Options

For more information about each of the configuration options see the section µC/OS-II tab in the µC/OS-II node in CrossCore Embedded Studio's help.

**Application tasks view**

µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio includes a window in which you can see the priorities and stack sizes of the tasks for all the Micrium-based products that are set up in the configuration windows. This page can be seen if you double click on the `system.svc` file and then select µC/APP tab and then select Application Tasks.

**RTOS Status window**
To help with the debugging of µC/OS-II applications, µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio integrates a window in CrossCore Embedded Studio's debug perspective which displays the current state of the application. When you halt execution of a µC/OS-II program, CrossCore Embedded Studio reads data for tasks, semaphores, mutexes, message queues, event flags groups and mailboxes, and displays the state and status data in this window.

When one of the above µC/OS-II objects is created, it is added to the display. An entity is removed from the display when it is deleted.

The following requirements must be met in order to display the contents of the RTOS Status window:

- µC/OS-II add-in must have been added to the executable
- The "Include debug variables" tickbox must be selected in the µC/OS-II configuration under µC/OS-II General (enabled by default)
- The application must have been built with debug information (enabled by default in Debug configuration)

Initially, information displays in a collapsed state, showing only the name of the item. Clicking the triangle next to the item expands the view to display the existing instances and their properties including for example for tasks their state, priority, stack range etc.

You can find this window in the Debug perspective if you select Window > Show View > Other > Debug > RTOS Status

**Options not supported**

µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio version 1.0.0 does not allow the setting of some of the CrossCore Embedded Studio options and will raise an error if these options are set. The options supported may change in future releases. This version does not support:

- Stack overflow detection (-rtcheck-stack). CrossCore Embedded Studio can track the usage of the system stack and will report errors if the stack has overflowed. In order to provide a similar support in the RTOS case, the µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel needs to provide information about each task stack to CrossCore Embedded Studio so it could monitor the use of each of the tasks stacks. This information is not provided in this version of µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel.
- Instrumented profiling (-p). CrossCore Embedded Studio can provide a summary of cycle counts for functions within an application. In order to provide the correct information in the RTOS case, the µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel needs to provide information about each task. This information is not provided in this version of µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel so instrumented profiling cannot be set.

**MISRA-C Support**
The Motor Industry Software Reliability Association (MISRA) published a set of guidelines for the C programming language to promote best practice in developing safety related electronic systems in road vehicles and other embedded systems. The CrossCore® Embedded Studio compiler fully supports the MISRA-C 2004 Guidelines, and can detect violations of the rules at compile-time, link-time, and runtime.

The µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio complies with MISRA by documenting known violations of the MISRA Compliance standard. In order to be able to build applications with CrossCore Embedded Studio MISRA options, the compiler checks have been suppressed from all the sources that are part of the kernel itself, including all files in the system/uCOS-II/Source, system/uCOS-II/Ports and system/uCOS-II/TLS folders. Any user sources that include Micrium header files will hit MISRA warnings/errors that will need to be disabled by the application.

**Interaction with other CrossCore® Embedded Studio Software**

Other add-ins for CrossCore Embedded Studio may make use of features of µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio which means that disabling those features in the µC/OS-II configuration window might stop projects which include those add-ins from linking.

**Thread-safe runtime libraries**

Adding µC/OS-II Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore Embedded Studio to a project switches automatically to use the thread-safe runtime libraries. These libraries use semaphores to protect certain I/O structures and a TLS slot for storage of information like errno or variables related to rand(), strtok() etc.

Removing µC/OS-II semaphores or TLS support from an application could cause link errors if these are used by the thread-safe runtime library.

**System Services and Device Driver libraries**

Although the System Services and Device Drivers functionality does not require an RTOS, if µC/OS-II is in the application then it uses some objects to ensure its thread-safety. Certain services or device drivers use semaphores or mutexes.

Removing µC/OS-II mutex or semaphore support from an application could cause link errors if these are used by the System Services/Device Drivers library.

**MCAPI**
Although the Multi-core API (MCAPI) functionality does not require an RTOS, if µC/OS-II is in the application then it uses some objects to co-ordinate between tasks. Analog Devices' implementation of MCAPI uses Event flags.

Removing µC/OS-II flags support from an application could cause link errors if these are used by MCAPI.

**µC/FS™ File System for CrossCore® Embedded Studio**

Although µC/FS File System for CrossCore Embedded Studio does not require an RTOS, if µC/OS-II is in the application then it uses some objects to ensure its behavior in a multi-threaded environment. In its first release µC/FS requires semaphores, and 2 task-specific registers if working-directory functionality is enabled. Under certain conditions the API OSTimeDlyHMSM() can also be required.

Removing µC/OS-II semaphores, task-specific registers or OSTimeDlyHMSM support from an application could cause link errors if these are used by µC/FS.

**µC/USB Device™ Stack for CrossCore® Embedded Studio**

µC/USB Device Stack for CrossCore Embedded Studio requires the presence of an RTOS. Currently only µC/OS-III is supported by µC/USB Device Stack for CrossCore Embedded Studio. µC/OS-II will be supported by µC/USB Device Stack for CCES in a future release.

**lwIP Lightweight TCP/IP Stack for CrossCore® Embedded Studio**

lwIP Lightweight TCP/IP Stack for CrossCore Embedded Studio requires the presence of an RTOS. The current release of lwIP creates multiple tasks at the same priority and therefore cannot be used with µC/OS-II without modifications to the lwIP product.

**Common Micrium Components**

There are several CrossCore® Embedded Studio add-ins based on Micrium's products which share common components. To ensure that the same version of these components is used by all the add-ins that require them, these components are installed in a common location which is distinct from the add-in install folders. These common components are

- µC/CPU which is installed in %COMMONPROGRAMFILES%\Analog Devices\uC-CPU v1.0.2. This installation includes µC/CPU version 1.29.01.
- µC/LIB which is installed in %COMMONPROGRAMFILES%\Analog Devices\uC-LIB v1.0.2. This installation includes µC/LIB version 1.37.00.

The documentation for these components can be found in CrossCore® Embedded Studio Help under µC/OS-II™ 1.0.0 > Components Shared by Add-ins.

Known issues with µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio

This section enumerates the most significant anomalies which relate to µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio. For a comprehensive list of all the public software anomalies visit http://www.analog.com/SoftwareAnomalies

These are the currently known problems which affect µC/OS-II™ Real-Time Kernel for CrossCore® Embedded Studio.

TAR-50724 ucos2: Status window does not display memory partitions

The µC/OS-II Status window does not display any memory partitions. Memory partition APIs are available but they cannot be debugged with the Status window.